Eller and Later and Olympia Estimate Oran Japane Treate	word Bloom
Fibromyalgia and Chronic Fatigue Syndrome Treatr	ment Plan
Date:	
2016 Revised Fibromyalgia Diagnostic Criteria Seminars in Arthritis	
(1) Widespread Pain Index (WPI score range 0 - 19)	(2) Generalized pain - do not count jaws, chest, or abdomen
Right jaw	Region 2 Region 5 Region 4 Region 3 Generalized Pain Total (maximum 5)
	③ Symptom Severity Score (SSS score range 0 - 12)
Widespread Pain Index Total (maximum 19)	Over the past week: No problem Slight or mild problem: genrally mild or intermittent Moderate problem: considerable problems; often present and/or at a moderate level Severe problem: continuous, life-disturbing
All of the following criteria must be met to make a diagnosis of Fibromyalgia	No problem Slight/mild Moderate Severe
1. WPI ≥ 7 and SSS ≥ 5 OR WPI 4 to 6 and SSS ≥ 9	Fatigue □ = 0 □ = 1 □ = 2 □ = 3 Trouble thinking or remembering □ = 0 □ = 1 □ = 2 □ = 3 Waking up tired (unrefreshed) □ = 0 □ = 1 □ = 2 □ = 3
2. Generalized pain: at least 4/5 regions	
3. Have the symptoms in section 3 and pain been present at a similar clinical level for at least 3 months?	During the past 6 months: • Pain or cramps in the abdomen □ No = 0 □ Yes = 1 • Depression □ No = 0 □ Yes = 1 • Headache □ No = 0 □ Yes = 1
Fulfills all diagnostic criteria for FM	Symptom Severity Score Total (maximum 12)

Secondary pain generators that need to be worked up or treated:

ME/CFS: 2003 Canadian Clinical Working Case Definition	SEID: 2015 Institute of Medicine Diagnostic Criteria	
Pathological Fatigue A significant degree of new onset, unexplained, persistent or recurrent physical and/or mental fatigue that substantially reduces activity levels and which is not the result of ongoing exertion and is not relieved by rest	Diagnosis requires the following three symptoms: A substantial reduction or impairment in the ability to engage in pre-illness levels of occupational, educational, social, or personal activities, that persists for more than 6 months and is accompanied by Fatigue , which is often profound, is of new or	
 ☐ Post-exertional Malaise and Worsening of Symptoms Mild exertion or even normal activity is followed by malaise: the loss of physical and mental stamina and/or worsening of other symptoms. Recovery is delayed, taking more than 24 hours ☐ Sleep Dysfunction Sleep is un-refreshing: disturbed quantity - daytime hypersomnia or nighttime insomnia and/or disturbed rhythm - day/night reversal. 		
Rarely, there is no sleep problem. Pain Pain is widespread, migratory or localized: myalgia; arthralgia (without signs of inflammation); and/or headache - a new type, pattern or severity. Rarely, there is no pain	definite onset (not lifelong), is not the result of ongoing excessive exertion, and is not substantially alleviated by rest, and	
Neurocognitive Manifestations (2 or more) □ confusion □ impaired concentration □ short-term memory □ disorientation □ categorizing and word retrieval □ perceptual and sensory disturbances □ ataxia □ muscle weakness	☐ Post-exertional Malaise* ☐ Unrefreshing Sleep* At least one of the two following:	
☐ fasciculation ☐ cognitive overload ☐ hypersensitivity to light or sound ☐ At least one symptom from two of the following categories:	☐ Cognitive Impairment*or☐ Orthostatic Intolerance	
Autonomic Manifestations orthostatic intolerance—neurally mediated hypotension (NMH) postural orthostatic tachycardia syndrome (POTS) delayed postural hypotension light-headedness extreme pallor nausea and IBS urinary frequency and bladder dysfunction palpitations with or without cardiac arrhythmias exertional dyspnea.	* Frequency and severity of symptoms should be assessed. The diagnosis of ME/CFS/SEID should be questioned if patients do not have these symptoms at least half of the time with moderate, substantial, or	
Neuroendocrine Manifestations ☐ loss of thermostatic stability–subnormal body temp; marked diurnal fluctuation ☐ sweating episodes ☐ recurrent feelings of feverishness ☐ cold extremities ☐ intolerance heat and cold ☐ marked weight change ☐ anorexia or abnormal appetite ☐ loss of adaptability and worsening of symptoms with stress	severe intensity.	
Immune Manifestations ☐ tender lymph nodes ☐ recurrent sore throat ☐ recurrent flu-like symptoms ☐ general malaise ☐ new sensitivities to food, medications and/or chemicals.		
☐ The illness has persisted for at least 6 months		

Other Central Sensitivity Syndromes (CSS):		
None		
 ☐ Headaches (tension type) ☐ IBS (irritable bowel syndrome) ☐ Interstitial Cystitis ☐ Irritable larynx syndrome ☐ Migraines ☐ Myofascial pain syndrome ☐ Non-cardiac chest pain ☐ Pelvic pain syndrome & related disorders ☐ POTS (postural orthostatic tachycardia syndrome ☐ PTSD (post-traumatic stress disorder) ☐ Restless leg syndrome ☐ Temporomandibular disorders ☐ Other: 		
Diet:		
☐ Food sensitivities ☐ Food allergies		
Sleep:		
☐ No issues identified		
Problems with sleep: Initiation		

Medications tried in the past:

	Option to try/change	On	No benefit	Couldn't tolerate/side effects
Gabapentin				
Pregabalin (Lyrica)				
Topiramate (Topamax)				
Beta-blockers				
Nabilone (Cesamet)				
Nabiximols (Sativex)				
Medicinal cannabinoids (dispensary/grey market)				
Medicinal cannabinoids (legal supplier)				
Cyclobenzaprine (Flexeril)				
Dicetel (Pinaverium)				
Elmiron				
Modafinil				
NSAIDS				
Opioids				
SSRI:				
Duloxetine (Cymbalta)				
Venlafaxine (Effexor)				
Other SNRI:				
Tramadol / Tramacet				
Triptans:				
Amitriptyline				
Nortriptyline				
Other TCA:				
Low Dose Naltrexone:				
Other:				
Other:				
Other:				
Sleep				
Zopiclone (Imovane)				
Zolpidem (Sublinox)				
Trazodone				
Methotrimeprazine (Nozinan)				
Quetiapine (Seroquel)				
Mirtazapine (Remeron)				
Benzodiazepines:				

PLAN

REFERRAL TO THE COMPLEX CHRONIC DISEASES PROGRAM (CCDP) AT BC WOMEN'S HOSPITAL
☐ Patient already on wait list ☐ Refer (referral form on last 2 pages)
Please note that the wait list is 1 ½ to 2 years. Patient will receive a letter confirming the referral has been received.
EDUCATION
One page summary explaining CSS: HANDOUT 1
☐ Education is a major component for coping with these chronic illnesses. Direct the patient to web-based resources at BC Women's Hospital: HANDOUT 2
FAMILY & FRIENDS EDUCATION SESSION
☐ Because this is an invisible illness that is difficult to understand, invite the patient, their family, and their friends to participate in a 2 hour family and friends' session. Offered 4 – 5 time per year in person in Vancouver. Once a year (spring) by webinar.
To register contact: infoccdp@cw.bc.ca
PACING
☐ Pacing and living inside one's energy envelope are the foundation of self-management and treatment. Direct the patient to web-based resources to learn about these: HANDOUT 3
GROUP
☐ Direct the patient to an on-line group to learn about self-management:
www.cfidsselfhelp.org/online-courses
DIET
☐ Low inflammatory diet to help with pain: HANDOUT 4
☐ Dietician: Jennifer Hasiuk: jenhasiuk@gmail.com Skype/phone appointments (not covered by MSP)
Low FODMAPs to help with IBS • See BC Women's website: recommended websites for IBS
IBS: ☐Probiotic (with bifidobacterium, e.g., Align): 1 tab per day available OTC
IBS-C: ☐ Psyllium (e.g., Metamucil); start ½ – 1 tbsp daily; increase to TID as tolerated; provide information sheet

POTS: Salt: 9 g (1 tsp) per day; ¼ tsp QID in 1 cup of liquid; provide handout
TRIGGER POINT INJECTIONS
To help with pain:
 Muscle MD Clinic (Vancouver): musclemd.ca Myo Clinic (Victoria): www.myoclinic.ca Refer locally if available IMS is an alternative but not covered by MSP
SUPPLEMENTS
☐ NONE suggested (+/- reason):
CFS & FM: Co-enzyme Q 200 mg TID D-Ribose 5 g TID Magnesium Malate 250 mg QID NADH 10 – 20 mg daily Vitamin D 2000 IU daily Other:
IBS bloating and pain: Iberogast (STW 5): 20 drops three times daily (before or during meals) Enteric-coated oil of peppermint: 200 – 250 mg BID (depending on brand)
CL EED.
SLEEP
☐ Sleep hygiene: HANDOUT 5
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□ Sleep hygiene: HANDOUT 5 □ Melatonin: start with 1 - 3 mg, 2-3 hrs before bed (Max: 5 – 10 mg) Sleep Medication □ Trazodone: 50 mg tab; start ½ to ½ tab; titrate up by ½ to ½ tab increments to 3 tab (150 mg) qhs as needed; 90 tabs with 3 repeats; □ Quetiapine: 25 mg; start ½ tab; titrate up by ½ tab increments to 4 tab (100 mg) qhs as needed; 60 tabs with 3 repeats □ Nozinan: 2 mg tabs; start 1 tab 2 hrs before bed; increase by 1 tab increments to 6 mg as needed; 90 tabs with 3 repeats □ Clonidine: 0.1 mg tabs; 1 – 2 tabs qhs; 60 tabs with 3 repeats □ Zopiclone: 5 mg tabs; start ½ tab; titrate up by ½ tab increments to 1.5 tab (7.5 mg) qhs as needed; 60 tabs with 3 repeats □ Zolpidem: 5 mg tabs; start ½ tab; titrate up by ½ tab increments to 2 tab (10 mg) qhs as needed; 60 tabs with 3 repeats

Refer locally for medicinal cannabinoids. Discourage the use of grey market dispensaries and compassion clubs
 Refer to Dr. MacCallum at the Green Leaf Medical Clinic for medicinal cannabinoids. Skype visits available. Info at greenleafmc.ca
General Amitriptyline: 10 mg tabs; start ½ tab 2 hrs before bed; provide patient with dosing schedule;
100 tabs with 3 repeats Cyclobenzaprine: 10 mg tabs; start ½ tab 2 hrs before bed; provide patient with dosing schedule;
60 tabs with 3 repeats Nortriptyline: 10 mg tabs; start 1 tab 2 hrs before bed; provide patient with dosing schedule;
150 tabs with 3 repeats Lyrica: 25 mg tabs; start 1 tab in the evening; provide patient with dosing schedule;
120 tabs with 3 repeats
Gabapentin: 100 mg tabs; start 1 tab in the evening; provide patient with dosing schedule; 200 tabs with 3 repeats
■ Topiramate: 25 mg tabs; start ½ tab in the evening; provide patient with dosing schedule; 120 tabs with 3 repeats. Provide standing order lab requisition for CBC, lytes (including bicarb), and liver tests: baseline, then q month x 2, then q 6 month
☐ Cymbalta : 30 mg tabs; start 1 tab Q 2 Days; provide patient with dosing schedule; 30 tabs with 3 repeats
■ Venlafaxine XR: 37.5 mg tabs; start 1 tab daily; provide patient with dosing schedule;
100 tabs with 3 repeats Nabilone: 0.25 mg tabs; start 1 tab evening/bedtime; provide patient with dosing schedule;
480 tabs dispense 240 at monthly intervals Naltrexone: 1 mg compounded; start 1 tab daily x 1 wk; 2 mg daily x 1 wk; 3 mg daily x 1 wk;
4mg daily x 1 wk; and 4.5 mg tabs x 1 mo with 3 repeats Modafinil: 100 mg; start 1 tab daily regular or prn; may increase to 200 mg daily if required; 90 with 3 repeats
☐ Iron: ferrous gluconate 300 mg TID; available OTC; you may also want to prescribe PEG 3350 to prevent constipation (see IBS-C)
☐ Iron : ferrous fumarate 300 mg daily; available OTC; you may also want to prescribe PEG 3350 to prevent constipation (see IBS-C)
IBS-D, bloating and pain
Dicetel (pinaverium): 50 mg tabs; start 50 mg TID prn; provide handout; 180 tabs with 3 repeats
☐ Dicyclomine (dicycloverine): 20 mg tabs; start 20 mg QID prn; provide handout;
180 tabs with 3 repeats Loperamide: 2 mg tabs; 1 – 2 tabs up to 4 times a day; take 45 min AC meals;
max 8 tabs (6 mg) per day; available OTC Cholestyramine: start 4 g per day; provide handout;
100 g NEED TO CHECK AVAILABILITY with 3 repeats Colesevelam: start 625 mg daily; provide handout; 175 tabs with 3 repeats
☐ Amitriptyline: see General above ☐ Rifamixin: 550 mg three times daily for 14 days
IBS-C PEG 3350: start 17 g in 1 cup of water daily with meal; provide handout; available OTC
☐ Milk of Magnesia: 15 – 30 mL (1 – 2 tbsp) qhs prn for rescue; provide handout; available OTC ☐ SNRI: Cymbalta or venlafaxine XR; see General above
Migraine: Acute treatment
☐ Ibuprofen: 400 – 800 mg; max 1200 mg/day; available OTC☐ Naproxen sodium: 250 – 1000 mg; max 1000 mg/day; 50 tabs with 3 repeats
☐ Diclofenac: 50 – 100 mg; max 150 mg/day; 50 tabs with 3 repeats☐ Metoclopramide: 10 – 40 mg Q4-6h; 50 tabs with 3 repeats
Rizatriptan: 5 – 10 mg at onset; may repeat dose after 2 hrs; max 20 mg/day; 20 tabs with 3 repeats Zolmitriptan: 2.5 – 5 mg at onset; may repeat dose after 2 hrs; max 10 mg/day; 20 tabs with 3 repeats

Migraine: Prophylaxis Propranolol: 10 mg tabs; start 10 mg daily; provide patient with dosing schedule; 120 tabs with 3 repeats Topiramate: see General above Divalproex: 125 mg tabs; start 125 mg daily; provide patient with dosing schedule; 120 tabs with 3 repeats; provide standing order lab requisition for liver tests: baseline, then q month x 6, then q 6 month; Note: teratogenic – should not be used in women of childbearing age Amitriptyline: see General above Venlafaxine XR: see General above
Migraine: Perimenstrual Frovatriptan: 2.5 mg twice daily 2 days before, continuing for 6 days; 25 tabs with 3 repeats
Migraine: Perimenopausal Venlafaxine XR: see general above Hormone Therapy: (Refer to GP for management
POTS Propranolol: 10 mg tabs; start 10 mg daily; provide patient with dosing schedule; 200 tabs with 3 repeats Fludrocortisone: 0.1 mg tabs; start ½ tab daily; provide patient handout; 30 tabs with 3 repeats; provide patient with standing order lab requisition for lytes: baseline, then q 2 weeks x 2, then q month x 2, then q 6 month
Interstitial Cystitis Elmiron (pentosan polysulfate): 100 mg TID 1 hour before or 2 hours after meals; provide patient handout; 90 tabs with 3 repeats Amitriptyline: see General above Hydroxyzine: 50 mg QHS; 30 tabs with 3 repeats Cyclosporine A: start 1.5 mg/kg/day BID; provide patient handout; dispense 1 month supply with 3 repeats; Provide standing order lab requisition for creatitine: monitor weekly for first 4 weeks of therapy then q6 months
Mood Disorder or Anxiety SNRI: Cymbalta or venlafaxine XR; see General above Other:
Night Sweats ☐ Clonidine: 0.1 mg tabs; 1 – 2 tabs qhs; 60 tabs with 3 repeats ☐ Other:
OTHER TREATMENTS NOT COVERED BY MSP
 □ Counselor who specializes in chronic disease management: Meagan Maddocks, Vancouver, 778-887-9665 □ Occupational therapist who specializes in CFS and FM: Karen Gilbert, Vancouver, (604) 670-5975 □ Naturopath for help with mitochondrial health: telehealth visits available □ Dr. Gaetano Morello • Phone: 604-925-2560 Fax: 604-925-2567 Toll Free: 1-877-925-2560 • www.westvanwellness.com
OTHER RECOMMENDATIONS
□ NONE

FOLLOW-UP

	SU	RNAME	FIRST NAME			
BC WOMEN'S HOSPITAL+	PERMANENT ADDR	PERMANENT ADDRESS				
HEALTH CENTRE An agency of the Provincial Health Services Authority	POSTAL CODE	CELL PHONE	HOME PHONE	WORK PHONE		
Consultant Changia Disassa Danassa Dafassa I	DATE OF BIRTH DD/	/Mth/YEAR	AGE			
Complex Chronic Disease Program Referral PHONE: (604) 875-2061 FAX: (604) 875-3738	PHN		l .			
Date of referral:/	OK for BC V		ontact patient?			
DD/ Mtn / YEAR		•	required			
Referring GP/NP/ND:	MSC					
Phone: FAX :				_		
*Indication for referral: (**will be returned if						
Referrals made only if you are:						
 BC Resident Age 19 or over 						
• Patients referring Primary Care provider is available to <i>Patient has:</i> Symptoms or diagnosis of Fibromyalg		care				
Or: Chronic symptons of Tick borne illness)				
Please provide as much information as possible to allow the better	w appropriate triag	ing to expedite	clinical care - the n	nore information		
Please attach relevant documents: Received		ing Office Ch				
Consultations		card and Photo		,		
☐ Diagnostic Imaging ☐ Lab Reports ☐		tions (Entrance t Free Clinic	#77) – web instruc	tions/map		
☐ Lab Reports ☐ ☐ Other (eg. Sleep studies, EMG) ☐		t riee Cillic				
☐ None available (Please provide a brief history)	•					
	Reviewed by:					
	Date:					
☐ Referring office Notified ☐ Letter Date:						

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☐ Patient Notified Date:_____

☐ Wait list: ___/____ Initial: _____

DD / Mth /YEAR

Date:

☐ Cerner

Key: (abbreviations): GP = General Practitioner NP = Nurse Practitioner ND = Naturopathic Doctor ME = Myalgic Encephalomyelitis CFS = Chronic Fatigue Syndrome EMG = Electromyography

Provincial Language Service Interpretation criteria:

Patient will be asked to sign Informed Consent for treatment/procedure and patient is not fully fluent in English
Patient has little or no English skills and has no family/friend to translate for them during clinical encounter

Provincial Language Service does not come without significant cost.

If your patient has basic English language skills and can manage her appointment that does not include consent, diagnosis or treatment, please do not request an interpreter.

All information and medical terminology is explained in simple English so the use of an interpreter is not necessary for most appointment types. Should we determine that there is in fact a need, we will access interpretation support via telephone which is an effective modality for interpreting health care as indicated in the most recent literature and current best practices.

Thank you for your cooperation and support.

Complex Chronic Diseases Program BC Women's Hospital & Health Centre

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